

# POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS - I FINAL EXAM

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**#1)** 400 MVA is drawn at  $345 \text{ kV}_{LL}$  and 0.8 lagging power factor from the receiving end of a 400 km transmission line whose ABCD parameters are given as follows;

$$A = D = 0.8180\angle 1.3^\circ \text{ pu}, \quad B = 172.2\angle 84.2^\circ \Omega, \quad C = 0.001933\angle 90.4^\circ \text{ S}$$

- a) Calculate the rms value of line to line voltage at the sending end of the line. Determine also three phase active and reactive power pumped from the sending end of the line.
- b) Determine efficiency and regulation of the line.

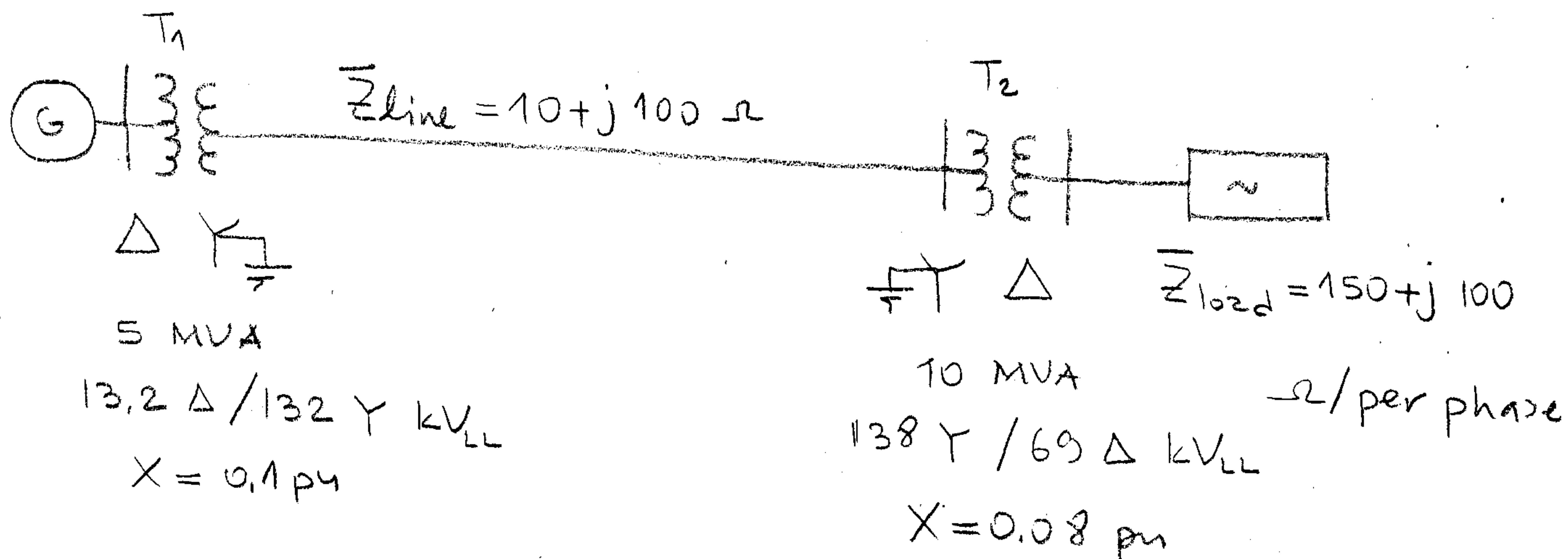
**#2)** Two buses  $abc$  and  $a'b'c'$  are connected by two parallel lines  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  with positive sequence  $X_{L1} = 0.3 \text{ pu}$  and  $X_{L2} = 0.35 \text{ pu}$  values. A regulating transformer, which advances the phase  $3^\circ$  toward bus  $abc$ , is placed in series with  $L_1$  at bus  $a'b'c'$ . Those parallel lines supply a balanced load with load current of  $1.0\angle -35^\circ \text{ pu}$ . Determine,

- a) 2x2 positive sequence bus admittance matrix of the system,
- b) active and reactive power supplied to the load bus from each parallel line when no regulating transformer exists,
- c) active and reactive power supplied to the load bus from each parallel line when there is phase angle regulating transformer at bus  $a'b'c'$  exists.

Assume that the voltage at bus  $abc$  is so adjusted that the voltage at bus  $a'b'c'$  remains at  $1.0\angle 0^\circ \text{ pu}$ . Assume also that the phase regulating transformer is ideal one.

**#3)** Terminal voltage of the generator that is shown in the figure is  $13.2 \text{ kV}_{LL}$ . Take  $138 \text{ kV}_{LL}$  as voltage base in the line region and  $10 \text{ MVA}_{3\Phi}$  as common  $S_{base,3\Phi}$ .

- a) Determine the pu equivalent circuit of the system.
- b) Determine the actual generator current.



(1)

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SOLUTION MANUAL (Summer School - 2009)

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#1)  $\bar{V}_{S_{LN}} = \bar{A} \bar{V}_{R_{LN}} + \bar{B} \bar{I}_R , \quad \bar{V}_{R_{LN}} = \frac{345}{\sqrt{3}} 10^\circ \text{ kV}$

a)  $\bar{I}_R = \frac{400 \cdot 10^6}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 345 \cdot 10^3} [-\cos 0.8] = 669.39 [-36.8^\circ] \text{ A.}$

$$\bar{V}_{S_{LN}} = 0.818 [1.3^\circ] \times \frac{345}{\sqrt{3}} 10^\circ + 172.2 [84.2^\circ] \times 0.6694 [-36.8^\circ] \text{ kV}$$

$$\bar{V}_{S_{LN}} = 162.934 [1.3^\circ] + 115.27 [47.4^\circ] = 162.892 + j 3.696 + 78.02 + j 84.85$$

$$\bar{V}_{S_{LN}} = 240.912 + j 88.546 = 256.67 [20.18^\circ] \text{ kV}$$

$$|\bar{V}_{S_{LL}}| = 256.67 \times \sqrt{3} = 444.56 \text{ kV} \quad (16)$$

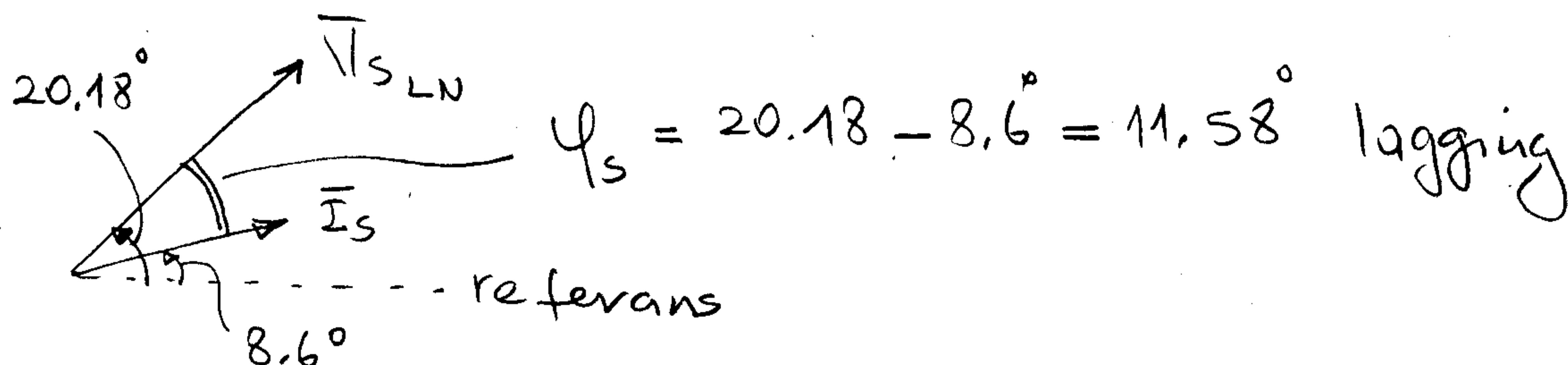
$$\bar{I}_S = \bar{C} \bar{V}_{R_{LN}} + \bar{D} \bar{I}_R$$

$$\bar{I}_S = 0.001933 [90.4^\circ] \times \frac{345}{\sqrt{3}} 10^\circ + 0.818 [1.3^\circ] \times 0.6694 [-36.8^\circ] \text{ kA}$$

$$\bar{I}_S = 0.385 [90.4^\circ] + 0.5475 [-35.5^\circ] \text{ kA}$$

$$\bar{I}_S = -2.687 \cdot 10^3 + j 0.3849 + 0.4457 - j 0.3179 \text{ kA}$$

$$I_S = 0.4430 + j 0.067 = 0.448 [8.6^\circ] \text{ kA}$$



(2)

$$P_{S,3\phi} = 3 \times 256,67 \times 0,448 \cos(11,58) = 337,942 \text{ MW}$$

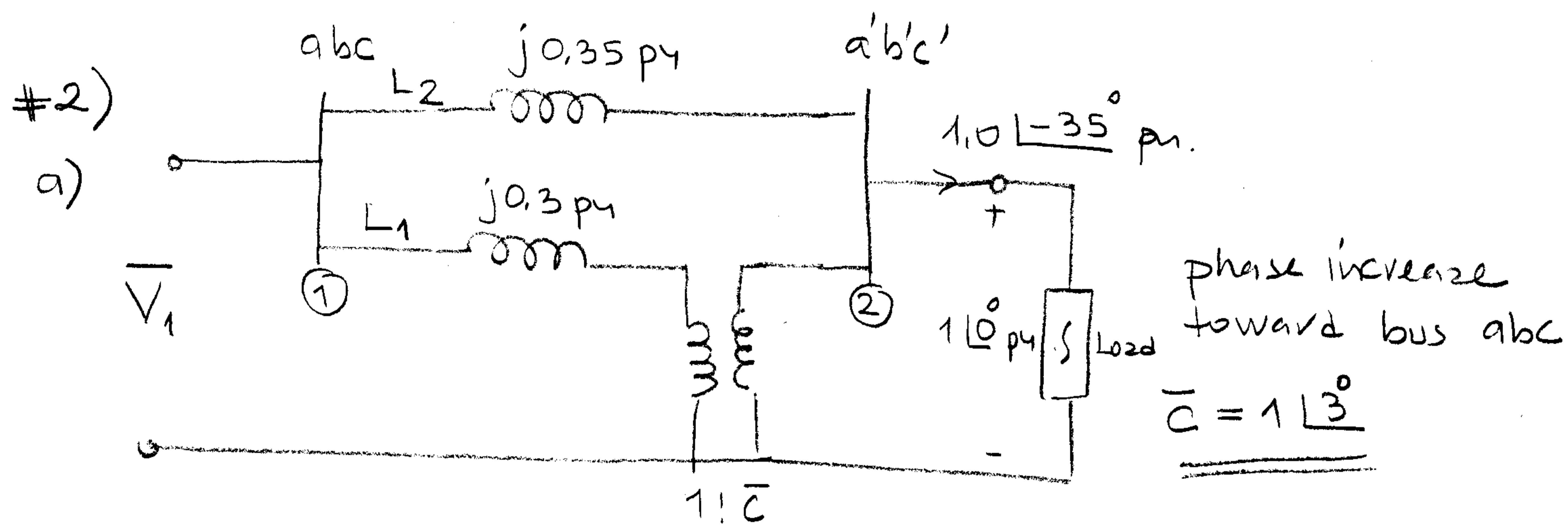
$$Q_{S,3\phi} = 3 \times 256,67 \times 0,448 \sin(11,58) = 69,246 \text{ MVAR}$$

b)  $P_{R,3\phi} = 400 \cos(36,8) = 320 \text{ MW}$

$$\eta = \frac{337,942}{320} \times 100 = 94,69 \%$$

$$\% VR = \frac{\left| \frac{V_s}{A} \right| - |V_{RFL}|}{|V_{RFL}|} \times 100$$

$$\% VR = \frac{\frac{444,56}{0,818} - 345}{345} \times 100 = 57,52 \% \text{ (too much)}$$



$$\bar{Y}_{11L_2} = \bar{Y}_{22L_2} = \frac{1}{j0,35} = -j2,857 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$\bar{Y}_{12L_2} = \bar{Y}_{21L_2} = -\frac{1}{j0,35} = +j2,857 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$\bar{Y}_{11L_1} = \frac{1}{j0,3} = -j3,33, \quad \bar{Y}_{12L_1} = -1 \angle 3^\circ \frac{1}{j0,3} = 3,33 \angle 93^\circ \text{ p.u.}$$

$$= -0,1745 + j3,3287 \text{ p.u.}$$

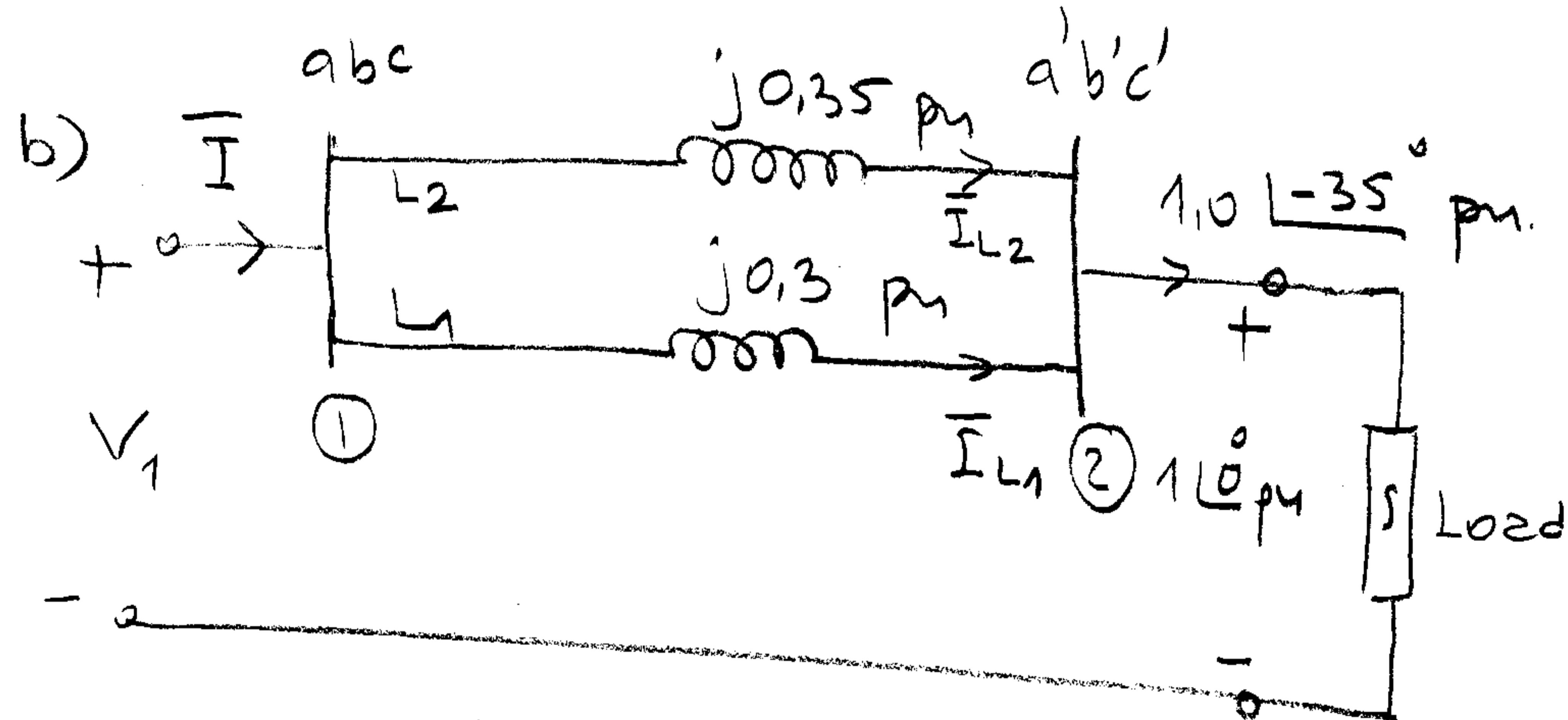
$$\bar{Y}_{21L_1} = (-1 \angle 3^\circ) \frac{1}{j0,3} = 3,33 \angle 87^\circ \text{ p.u.}$$

$$= 0,1745 + j3,3287 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$\bar{Y}_{22L_1} = 1 \angle 3^\circ \cdot (-j3,33) = -j3,33 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (-j2,8571 - j3,33) & (+j2,8571 - 0,1745 + j3,3287) \\ (j2,8571 + 0,1745 + j3,3287) & -j2,8571 - j3,33 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -j6,1904 & 6,1882 \angle 91,61^\circ \\ 6,1882 \angle 88,3^\circ & -j6,1904 \end{bmatrix} \text{pu}$$



$$\bar{I}_{L2} = 1,0 \angle -35^\circ \frac{0,3}{0,65} = 0,46154 \angle -35^\circ = 0,3780 - j0,2647 \text{ pu}$$

$$\bar{I}_{L1} = 1,0 \angle -35^\circ \frac{0,35}{0,65} = 0,53846 \angle -35^\circ = 0,4410 - j0,3088 \text{ pu}$$

$$\bar{S}_{L2} = 1 \angle 0^\circ \times 0,46154 \angle +35^\circ = \underbrace{0,3780}_{P_{L2}} + \underbrace{j0,2647}_{Q_{L2}} \text{ pu}$$

$$\bar{S}_{L1} = 1 \angle 0^\circ \times 0,53846 \angle +35^\circ = \underbrace{0,4410}_{P_{L1}} + \underbrace{j0,3088}_{Q_{L1}} \text{ pu.}$$

c)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6,1904 \angle -90^\circ & 6,1882 \angle 91,61^\circ \\ 6,1882 \angle 88,3^\circ & 6,1904 \angle -90^\circ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{V}_1 \\ 1 \angle 0^\circ \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{I} \\ -1,0 \angle -35^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$6,1882 \underbrace{188,3^\circ}_{\text{V}_1} + 6,1904 \underbrace{-90^\circ}_{\text{V}_2} = -1,0 \underbrace{135^\circ}_{\text{j } 6,764}$$

$$\overline{\text{V}}_1 = \frac{1,0 \underbrace{145^\circ}_{\text{V}_1} + 6,1904 \underbrace{90^\circ}_{\text{V}_2}}{6,1882 \underbrace{188,3^\circ}_{\text{V}_1}} = \frac{-0,81915 + j 0,5736 + j 6,1904}{6,1882 \underbrace{188,3^\circ}_{\text{V}_1}}$$

$$\overline{\text{V}}_1 = \frac{6,8134 \underbrace{96,8^\circ}_{\text{V}_1}}{6,1882 \underbrace{188,3^\circ}_{\text{V}_1}} = 1,1010 \underbrace{8,5^\circ}_{\text{pm}}$$

$$\overline{\text{I}}_{L2} = \frac{1,1010 \underbrace{8,5^\circ}_{\text{pm}} - 1,0}{j 0,35} = \frac{1,0889 + j 0,1627 - 1,0}{j 0,35}$$

$$\overline{\text{I}}_{L2} = \frac{0,0889 + j 0,1627}{j 0,35} = \frac{0,1854 \underbrace{61,34^\circ}_{\text{V}_1}}{0,35 \underbrace{90^\circ}_{\text{V}_1}} = 0,5297 \underbrace{1-28,6^\circ}_{= 0,4650 - j 0,2535}$$

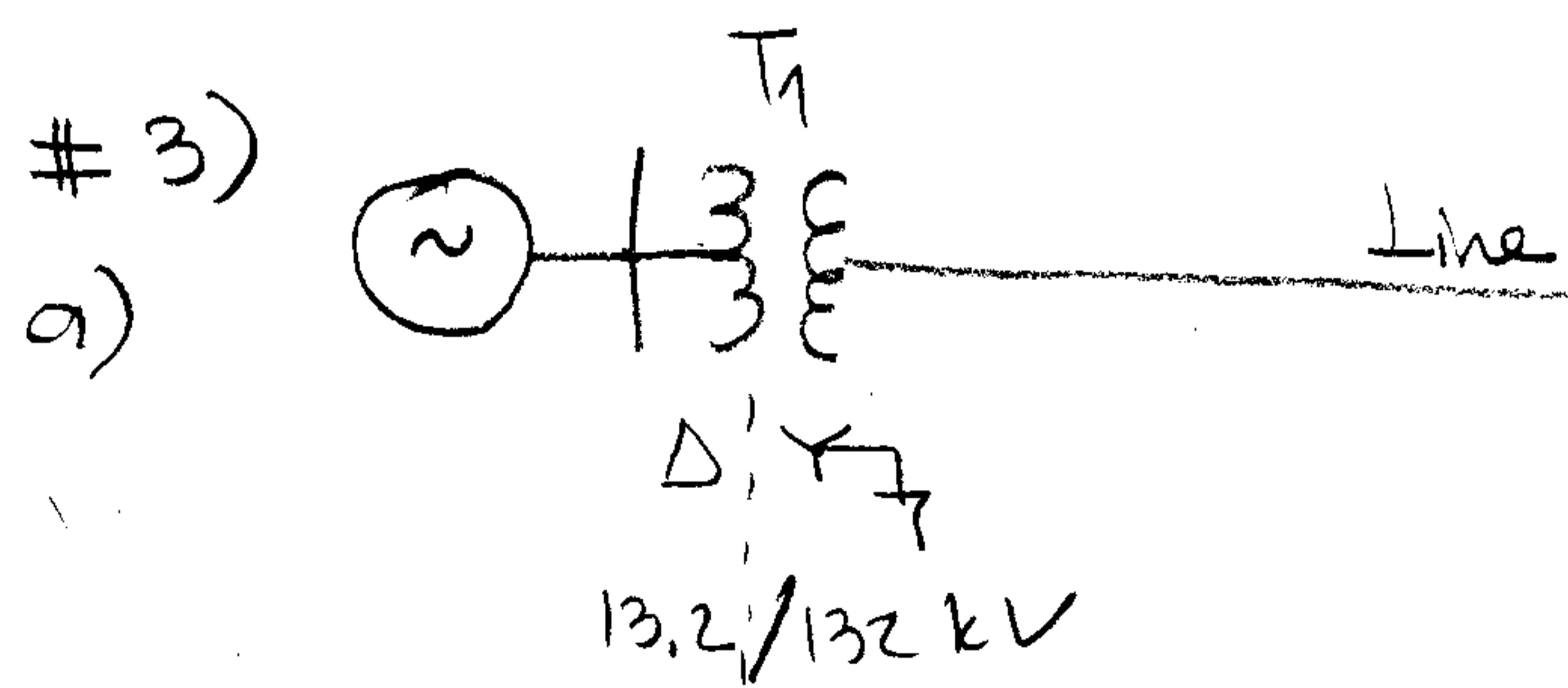
$$\overline{\text{I}}_{L1} = 1 \underbrace{135^\circ}_{\text{V}_1} - (0,4650 - j 0,2535)$$

$$= 0,81915 - j 0,5736 - 0,4650 + j 0,2535 = 0,35415 - j 0,3201 \text{ pm}$$

$$\overline{\text{S}}_{L1} = 1 \underbrace{10^\circ}_{\text{V}_1} \overline{\text{I}}_{L1}^* = \underbrace{0,35415}_{\textcircled{1}} + j \underbrace{0,3201}_{P_{L1}} \quad ; \quad \underbrace{0,4410 + j 0,3088}_{Q_{L1}}$$

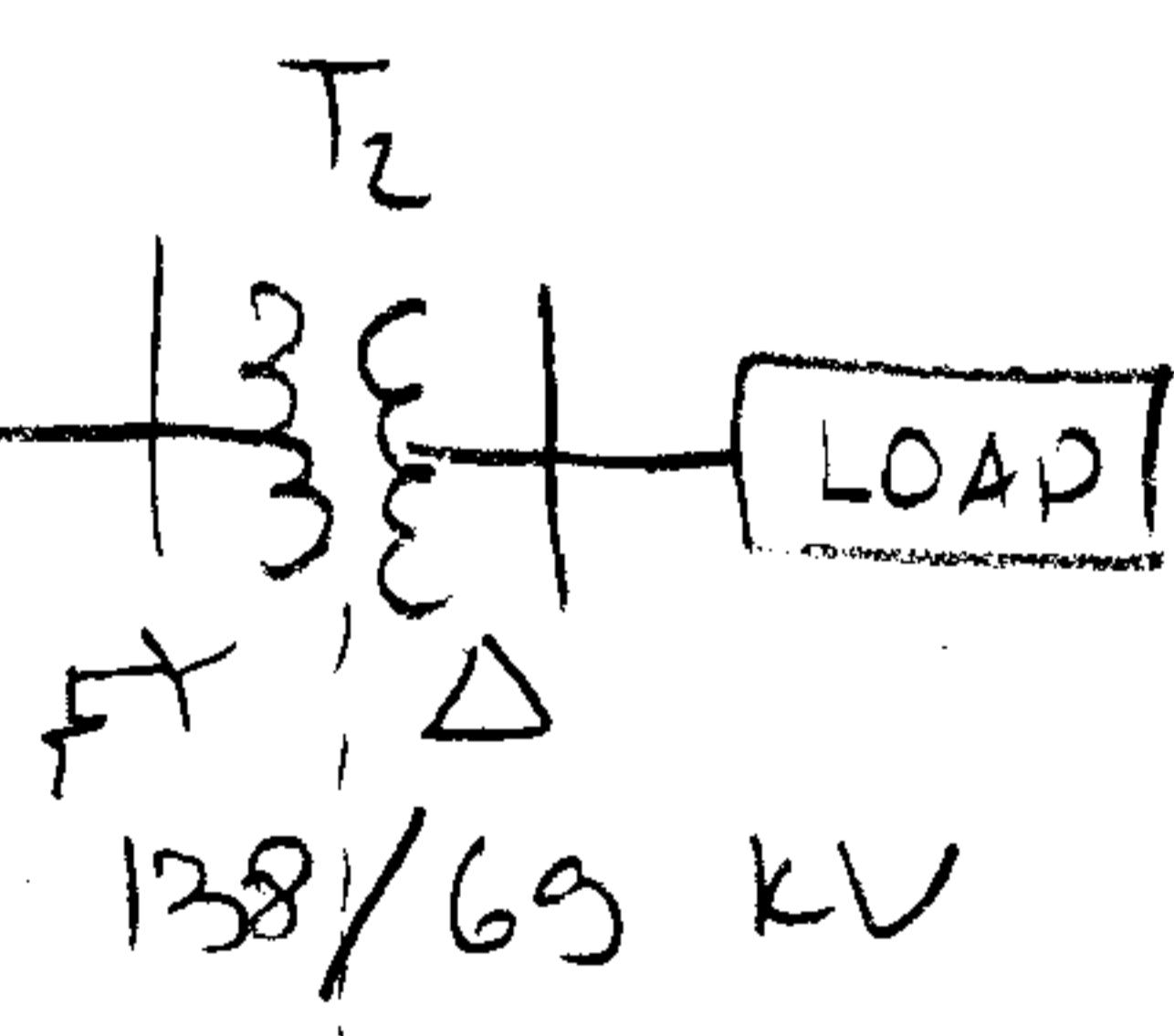
$$\overline{\text{S}}_{L2} = 1 \underbrace{10^\circ}_{\text{V}_1} \overline{\text{I}}_{L2}^* = 0,4650 + j 0,2535 \quad ; \quad \underbrace{0,3780 + j 0,2647}_{\text{increase}}$$

no phase regulating transformer exists.



$$V_{base} = 13,8 \text{ kV}$$

$$V_{base} = 138 \text{ kV}$$



$$V_{base} = 69 \text{ kV}$$

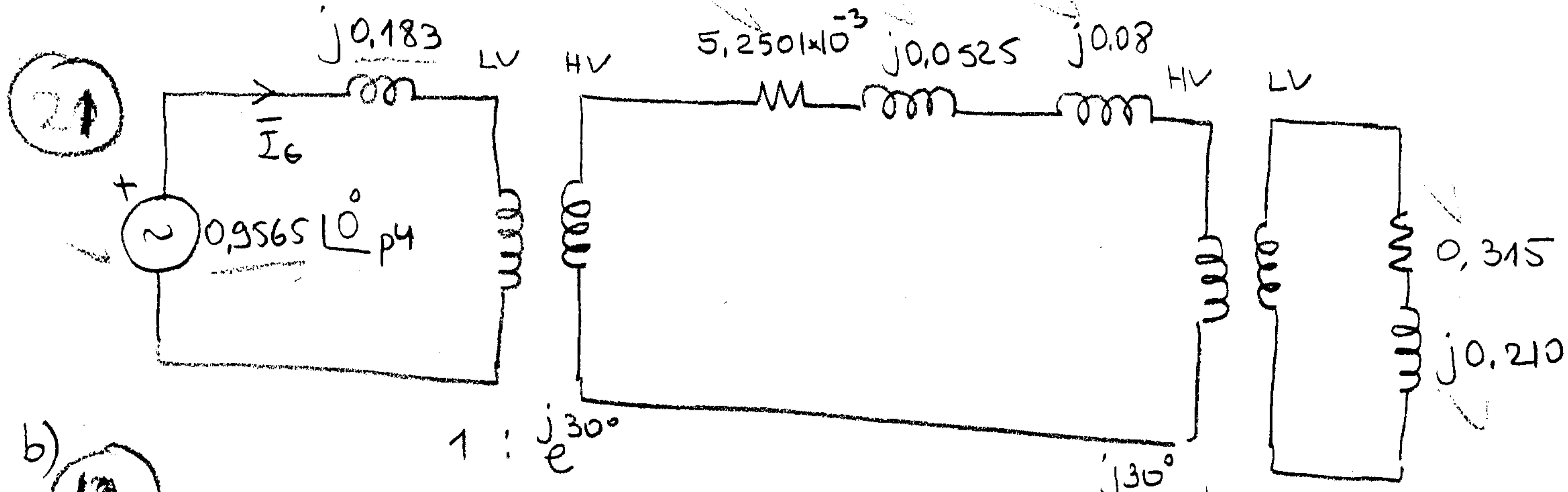
$$\bar{V}_G = \frac{13,2 \text{ } 10^\circ}{13,8} = 0,9565 \text{ } 10^\circ$$

$$X_{T_1} = 0,1 \left( \frac{13,2}{13,8} \right)^2 \left( \frac{10}{5} \right) = 0,183 \text{ pu.}$$

$$\bar{Z}_{\text{line}} = \frac{\frac{10 + j100}{(138)^2}}{10} = \frac{100}{(138)^2} + j \frac{1000}{(138)^2} = 5,2501 \cdot 10^{-3} + j0,0525 \text{ pu}$$

$$X_{T_2} = 0,08$$

$$\bar{Z}_{\text{load}} = \frac{\frac{150 + j100}{(69)^2}}{10} = \frac{1500}{(69)^2} + j \frac{1000}{(69)^2} = 0,315 + j0,210$$



b)

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$$I_G = \frac{0,9565 \text{ } 10^\circ}{\underbrace{(5,25 \cdot 10^{-3} + 0,315)}_{0,32025} + j \underbrace{(0,183 + 0,0525 + 0,210)}_{0,5255}} = \frac{0,9565 \text{ } 10^\circ}{0,6154 \text{ } [58,64^\circ]}$$

$$\bar{I}_G = 1,554 \text{ } [-58,64^\circ] \text{ pu.}$$

$$\bar{I}_G = 1,554 \cdot \frac{10 \text{ } 10^6}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 13,8 \cdot 10^3} \text{ } [-58,64^\circ] = 650,14 \text{ } [-58,64^\circ] \text{ A}$$