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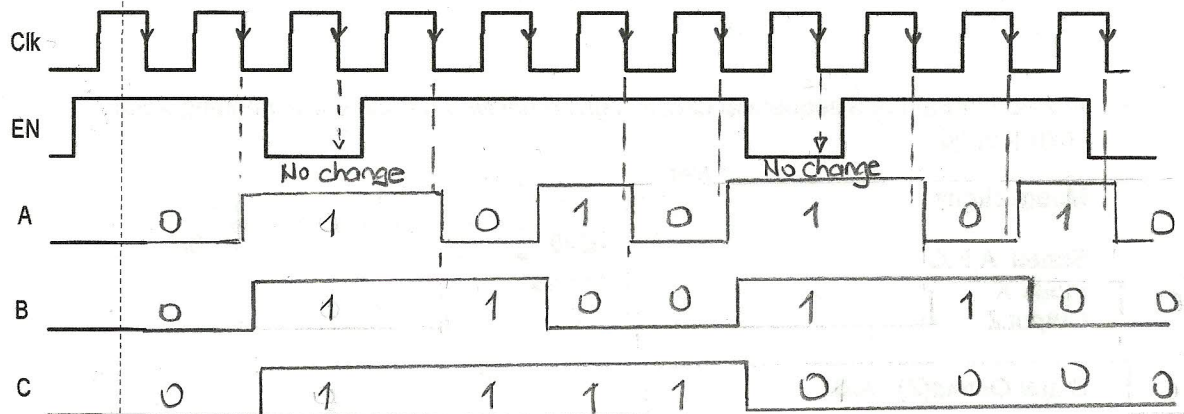
Digital Systems II

Quiz II, 20.04.2010

40 minutes

SOLUTIONS

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To Down counter $111 \rightarrow 110 \rightarrow 101 \rightarrow \dots 001 \rightarrow 000$

- a. Use D flip-flops and gates to design the binary counter with the following repeated binary sequence: 0,2,4,6. The next state of unused states will be taken as don't care.[20pts]

PS			NS		
A	B	C	A(t+1)	B(t+1)	C(t+1)
0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	X	X	X
0	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	X	X	X
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	X	X	X
1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	X	X	X

	BC	00	01	11	10
A	0	0	x	x	1
	1	1	x	x	0

$$A(t+1) = A \oplus B$$

	BC	00	01	11	10
A	0	1	X	X	0
	1	1	X	X	0

$$B(t+1) = \overline{B}$$

The LSB bit of even number is 0, so two flip-flop are enough to generate even number sequence: 0, 2, 4, 6.

- b. Using the flip-flop equations found in part (a), find the next state of the unused states.[10pts]

Unused States

A	B	C
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

In the design, C output of the counter is always zero. Therefore the unused states never occur in this design.

3. A state diagram of a sequential circuit is given below. Find the corresponding ASM chart.[30pts]

Moore circuit

States: A,B,C

Input: X

Output: Z.

State/ Output(Z) : A/0

