

**Lab 6 : Part a: Analog to Digital Conversion****Objectives**

- To become familiar with analog to digital conversion

**Apparatus**

ADC0804,  
Resistors 1.2 Kohm, 10 Kohm,  
Capacitors 1 nf, 10 uf,  
Connection wires or Jumper wires,  
Wire Stripper / Cutter,

**Background:**

An analog-to-digital converter, or A/D converter, converts an analog signal to its digital form. In an analog-to-digital converter, the input analog voltage may have any value in a range and it will produce the digital output of  $2^N$  number of discrete values for an N-bit converter. Therefore, the whole range of analog voltage is required to be represented suitably in  $2^N$  intervals, and each of the intervals corresponds to a digital output. This process is called *quantization*.

ADC0804 is 8 bit A/D converter so the whole range of analog voltage is represented by 256 intervals. If the input voltage range is 5V ( $V_{ref}=5V$ ), then the step size is found as 19.53mV ( $=5V/256$ ). It means that every 19.53mV rise in the analog input, the digital count increases by 1 step. See the figure below.

Input Voltage	Output Code (Binary)
78.12 mV	00000011
58.59 mV	00000010
39.06 mV	00000001
19.53 mV	00000000
0 V	

**Procedure:**

1- Connect the circuit given in Figure 1. Select  $R1=1.2\text{ Kohm}$ ,  $R1=10\text{ Kohm}$ ,  $C=1\text{ nF}$ . Also connect data outputs to LEDs.

2- Set  $V_{ref}=5\text{ V}$  by connecting pin 9 to 2.5 V.

3- Set START switch HIGH.

4- Apply 0 V analog input between pin 6 and pin 7.

5- Set START switch LOW to tell the chip to start performing conversion. Read the 8 bit digital output and record it on table 1. Then set it back HIGH and leave it HIGH.

6- Repeat Step 6 for the other analog input voltage values given in table 1.

7- Calculate the step size as given in the background section. By using this value, for the chosen  $V_{ref}$ , calculate the 8-bit digital code that should be produced for each of the analog input voltages listed in table 1.

8- Set  $V_{ref}=4\text{ V}$  by connecting pin 9 to 2 V.

9- Repeat Step 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.

**Table 1.**

ANALOG INPUT VOLTAGE	DIGITAL OUTPUT CODE							
	$V_{ref}=5V$				$V_{ref}=4V$			
	CALCULATED		MEASURED		CALCULATED		MEASURED	
	Binary	Decimal	Binary	Decimal	Binary	Decimal	Binary	Decimal
0 V								
0.1 V								
0.2 V								
0.5 V								
0.7 V								
1.0 V								
1.5 V								
2.0 V								
2.5 V								
3.0 V								
3.5 V								
4.0 V								
4.5 V								
5.0 V								

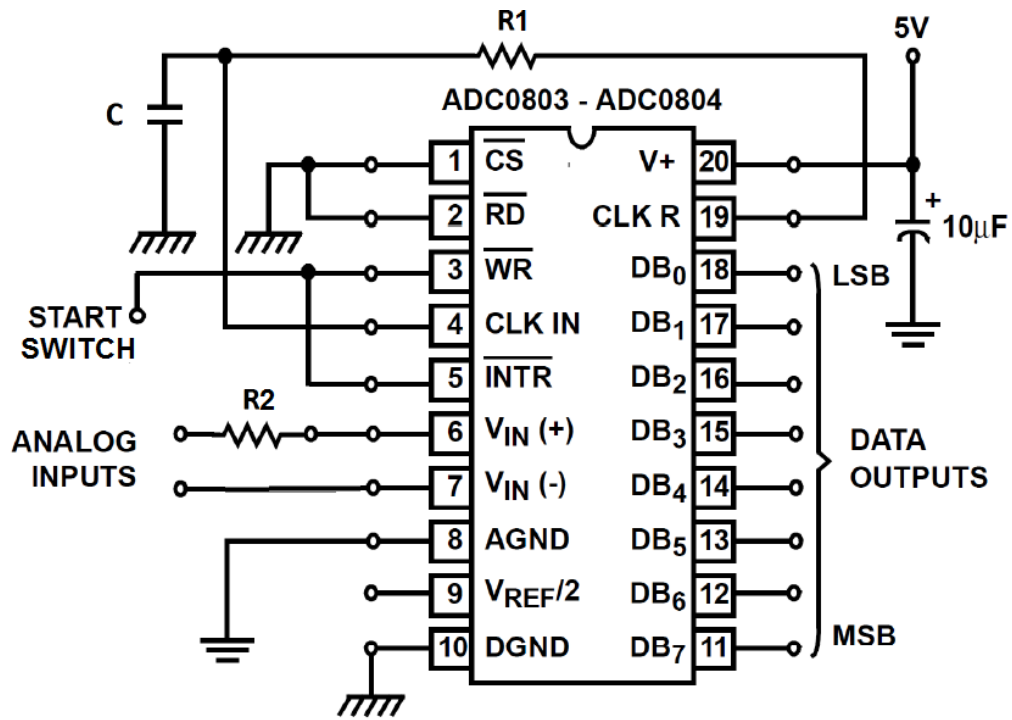


Figure 1